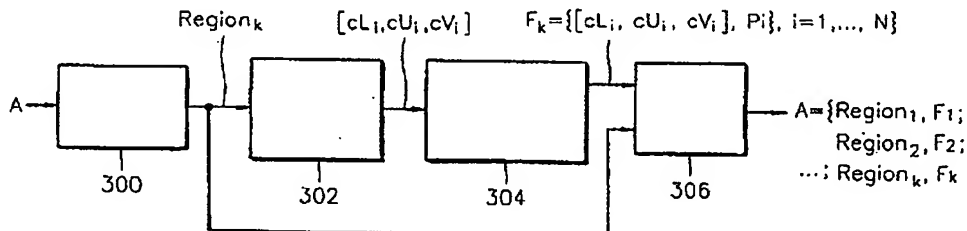


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(21) International Application Number: PCT/KR00/00089 (22) International Filing Date: 3 February 2000 (03.02.00) (30) Priority Data: 60/118,742 5 February 1999 (05.02.99) US (71) Applicants: SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. [KR/KR]; 416 Mactan-dong, Paldal-gu, Suwon-city, Kyungki-do 442-373 (KR). THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA [US/US]; 12th floor, 1111 Franklin Street, Oakland, CA 94607-5200 (US). (72) Inventors: SHIN, Hyun, Doo ; 510-1302 Mujigae Maeul Cheonggu Apt., 221 Kumi-dong, Bundang-gu, Sung- nam-city, Kyungki-do 463-500 (KR). CHOI, Yang, Lim ; 102-1112 Wooman Sunkyun Apt., 105 Wooman-dong, Paldal-gu, Kyungki-do 442-190 (KR). DENG, Yining ; Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of California, Santa Barbara, CA 93106-9560 (US). MANJUNATH, B.S. ; Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of California, Santa Barbara, CA 93106-9560 (US). (74) Agent: LEE, Young, Pil ; The Cheonghwa Building, 1571-18 Seocho-dong, Seocho-gu, Seoul 137-073 (KR).	(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published With international search report.	

(54) Title: COLOR IMAGE PROCESSING METHOD AND APPARATUS THEREOF



(57) Abstract

A color image processing method for retrieving a color feature descriptor for describing color features of an image is provided. The color image processing method includes the steps of: a) obtaining color vectors of an input image; b) classifying the color vectors to obtain dominant colors of the input image and the ratios thereof; and c) representing the dominant colors and the ratios thereof as a color feature descriptor of the input image. The color image processing method is applied to an object-based image processing method, thereby allowing fast search and retrieval of multi-media contents.

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COLOR IMAGE PROCESSING METHOD AND APPARATUS THEREOF

Technical Field

5 The present invention relates to a color image processing method and apparatus, and more particularly, to a color image processing method for retrieving a color feature descriptor used in indexing and searching a color image.

10 Background Art

 Among visual features for describing multi-media contents, color is the most dominant feature. According to conventional color image processing methods, a color histogram is used for expressing the color information of an image. However, the conventional color image processing methods using a color histogram consisting
15 of 1024 bins have drawbacks in that the computational complexity of image processing steps for describing an image is high and much processing time is required.

20 Disclosure of the Invention

 To solve the above problem, it is an object of the present invention to provide a color image processing method which can reduce the computational complexity and processing time.

 It is another object of the present invention to provide a computer readable
25 medium having a program executable by a computer to perform the color image processing method.

 It is still another object of the present invention to provide a color image processing apparatus for performing the color image processing method.

 A feature of the present invention is embodied by a color image processing
30 method includes the steps of (a) obtaining color vectors of an input image, (b) classifying the color vectors to obtain dominant colors of the input image and the

ratios thereof, and (c) representing the dominant colors and the ratios thereof as a color feature descriptor of the input image.

The color vectors are preferably quantized color vectors and the ratios are preferably percentiles.

- 5 The color image processing method may further include the step of (e) combining the quantized color vectors and the color feature descriptor and representing the combination result as the whole image.

Also, before the step (b), there may be further included the step of performing a predetermined filtering process for smoothing of the input image. Alternatively,
10 before the step (b), the method may further include the step of performing a predetermined filtering process for noise removal of the input image.

Also, before the step (b), the method may further include the steps of analyzing the probability of pixels in the filtered image being noisy pixels and applying appropriate weights thereto, and applying a general Lloyd algorithm to the
15 color vectors corresponding to the weighted pixels to perform color quantization.

According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a color image processing method for retrieving a color feature descriptor for describing color features of an image, the method including the steps of (a) segmenting an input image into a plurality of regions, (b) obtaining color vectors for the segmented regions, (c)
20 classifying the color vectors to obtain dominant colors of the input image and the ratios thereof, and (d) representing the dominant colors and the ratios thereof as a color feature descriptor of the input image.

The present invention also provides a computer readable medium having program codes executable by a computer to perform a color image processing method
25 for retrieving a color feature descriptor for describing color features of an image, the method comprising the steps of (a) segmenting an input image into a plurality of regions, (b) obtaining color vectors for the segmented regions, (c) classifying the color vectors to obtain dominant colors of the input image and the ratios thereof, and (d) representing the dominant colors and the ratios thereof as a color feature
30 descriptor of the input image.

According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a color

3.

image processing apparatus for retrieving a color feature descriptor for describing color features of an image, including a color vector retrieving unit for receiving pixel value data of an input image and retrieving color vectors for a predetermined color coordinate system, and a color feature descriptor generating unit for obtaining the
5 percentiles of dominant colors represented by the color vectors when the color vectors are all received and generating and outputting color feature descriptor data containing the information on the dominant colors and the percentiles thereof.

Also, the present invention provides a color image processing apparatus for retrieving a color feature descriptor for describing color features of an image,
10 including a segmenting unit for segmenting an input image into k regions, wherein k is an arbitrary positive integer, and sequentially outputting pixel value data corresponding to the k th region, a color vector retrieving unit for receiving pixel value data of an input image and retrieving color vectors for a predetermined color coordinate system, and a color feature descriptor generating unit for obtaining the
15 percentiles of dominant colors represented by the color vectors when the color vectors are all received and generating and outputting color feature descriptor data containing the information on the dominant colors and the percentiles thereof.

20 Brief Description of the Drawings

The above objects and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent by describing in detail preferred embodiments thereof with reference to the attached drawings in which:

FIG. 1 is a flow diagram showing a color image processing method according
25 to the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a diagram illustrating image segmentation performed in the step 106 of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a block diagram of a color image processing apparatus according to the present invention; and

30 FIGS. 4A and 4B show the result obtained by performing a region-based search with respect to images indexed by a computer program based on the color

image processing method according to the present invention.

Best mode for carrying out the Invention

5 Hereinafter, embodiments of the present invention will be described in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Referring to FIG. 1 illustrating a color image processing method according to the present invention, a color image A is input (step 100). The color image is segmented into a plurality of regions F_1 , F_2 , F_3 and F_4 (step 102). The segmentation
10 can be performed based on edge flow, for example. Then, quantized color vectors for the respective regions F_1 , F_2 , F_3 and F_4 are obtained (step 104).

The step of obtaining the quantized color vectors preferably includes the following steps. First, a predetermined filtering step for smoothing and noise removal of an image is performed as a pre-processing step. Next, the probability of
15 pixels in the filtered image being noisy pixels is analyzed to then apply an appropriate weight to the same. The probability of pixels in the filtered image being noisy pixels is obtained by the color distance from neighboring pixels. For example, i pixels, in which i is an arbitrary integer, ranging from a pixel having the minimum color distance are selected among the pixels sorted according to the color distance
20 from a central pixel, and among the selected pixels, the pixel value which has the largest color distance is set to the maximum color distance, which is denoted by $T(n)$. Then, the color vectors of the respective pixels are weighted by $\exp(-T(n))$. $\exp(-T(n))$ is defined by $v(n)$. Next, assuming that the average of $T(n)$ values of all pixels is T_{avg} , the number N of initial clusters to be used in quantization equals T_{avg}
25 \times an arbitrary constant, e.g., 2. Then, a general Lloyd algorithm is applied to the color vectors corresponding to weighted pixels to quantize the color vectors. First, using the cluster centroid (c_i) represented by Expression (1):

$$c_i = \frac{\sum v(n)X(n)}{\sum v(n)} \dots\dots(1)$$

wherein $X(n)$ is the pixel value of the n th pixel among the sorted pixels, and a value

of D_i represented by Expression (2) is calculated:

$$D_i = \sum v(n) \|X(n) - c_i\|^2 \dots\dots(2)$$

to then split a cluster having the largest value of D_i . This procedure is repeated until N clusters are generated. After N clusters are generated, a general Lloyd algorithm is performed. When the general Lloyd algorithm is performed, the cluster centroid is calculated by the Expression (1) to perform updating.

Next, clusters having similar color vectors are agglomerated by performing agglomerative clustering. Agglomerative clustering is disclosed by R.O. Duda and P.E. Hart in "Pattern Classification and Scene Analysis, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1973," which will not be described in detail in this specification.

Then, the color vectors are classified and dominant colors represented by color vectors $[cL_i, cU_i, cV_i]$ and their percentiles P_i are obtained (step 106). Here, i denotes the arbitrary serial number of primary regions, ranging from 1 through N , L , U and V denote coordinates of the CIE LUV color coordinate system. The percentiles P_i are expressed by decimals. The sum of the percentiles P_i for i regions is 1 as represented by Expression (3):

$$\sum_{i=1}^N P_i = 1 \dots\dots(3).$$

Next, the dominant colors represented by color vectors $[cL_i, cU_i, cV_i]$ and their percentiles P_i are expressed as the color feature descriptor of a pertinent region. obtained (step 108). In other words, the color feature descriptor F can be represented by Expression (4):

$$F = \{ \{ [cL_i, cU_i, cV_i], P_i \}, i = 1, \dots, N \} \dots\dots(4)$$

wherein N is a predetermined positive integer. The color feature descriptor can be referred to as a variable-bin color histogram.

By combining pixel value data in the k th region, i.e., $Region_k$ and color feature descriptor data of this region, i.e., F_k , the whole image A' is represented by Expression (5):

$$A' = \{ Region_1, F_1; Region_2, F_2; \dots; Region_k, F_k \} \dots\dots(5)$$

wherein k is a predetermined positive integer representing the number of segmented regions of the image A (step 110).

The color feature descriptor retrieved by the color image processing method according to the present invention is compactly represented by a small number of numbers with respect to one region. The compact representation of the color feature descriptor can remarkably reduce the computational complexity. This allows fast search and retrieval of multi-media based contents. The color image processing method according to the present invention can be applied to an object-based image processing method such as MPEG-7.

10 The color image processing method is programmable by a computer program. Codes and code segments constituting the computer program can be easily derived by a computer programmer in the art. Also, the program is stored in computer readable media and is readable and executable by the computer, thereby embodying the color image processing method. The media include magnetic recording media,
15 optical recording media, carrier wave media, and the like.

Also, the color image processing method can be implemented on a color image processing apparatus. FIG. 3 is a block diagram of a color image processing apparatus according to the present invention. Referring to FIG. 3, the color image processing apparatus includes a segmenting unit 300, a color vector retrieving unit
20 302, a color feature descriptor generating unit 304 and a combining unit 306.

In the operation of the color image processing apparatus, the segmenting unit 300 segments an input image A into k regions and sequentially outputs pixel value data $Region_k$ in the k th region. The color vector retrieving unit 302 receives the pixel value data $Region_k$ in the k th region and retrieves the color vectors $[cL_i, cU_i, cV_i]$.
25 When i color vectors $[cL_i, cU_i, cV_i]$ are all received, the color feature descriptor generating unit 304 obtains the percentiles P_i of dominant colors represented by the color vectors $[cL_i, cU_i, cV_i]$, and generates and outputs color feature descriptor data F_k . The color feature descriptor data F_k includes information on the dominant colors represented by the color vectors $[cL_i, cU_i, cV_i]$ and their percentiles P_i .

30 In order to obtain the percentiles P_i of the respective colors, it is more preferable that color quantization is performed within each segmented region. Thus,

the color image processing apparatus preferably further includes a quantizing unit (not shown). The color image processing apparatus preferably further includes a filtering unit (not shown) for performing a predetermined filtering process for smoothing and noise removal of the input image. The quantizing unit analyzes the probability of pixels in the filtered image being noisy pixels, applies an appropriate weight thereto and quantizes the color vectors corresponding to the weighted pixels by a general Lloyd algorithm.

The combining unit 306 combines pixel value data in the k th region, i.e., $Region_k$ and color feature descriptor data of this region, i.e., F_k , to output the processed image A' . The color image processing apparatus according to the present invention can be applied to an object-based image processing method such as MPEG-7. Also, in the color image processing apparatus according to the present invention, expressing a color image using dominant colors of the image can also be applied to various other fields besides the field of color image processing.

As described above, the color image processing method according to the present invention is applied to an object-based image processing method, thereby allowing fast search and retrieval of multi-media contents.

Industrial Applicability

The present invention can be applied to the fields of object-based image processing.

What is claimed is:

1. A color image processing method for retrieving a color feature descriptor for describing color features of an image, the method comprising the steps of:
 - 5 (a) obtaining color vectors of an input image;
 - (b) classifying the color vectors to obtain dominant colors of the input image and the ratios thereof; and
 - (c) representing the dominant colors and the ratios thereof as a color feature descriptor of the input image.
- 10 2. The color image processing method according to claim 1, wherein the color vectors are quantized color vectors.
3. The color image processing method according to claim 1, wherein the
15 ratios are percentiles.
4. The color image processing method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of (d) combining the color vectors and the color feature descriptor and representing the combination result as the whole image.
20
5. The color image processing method according to claim 4, wherein the color vectors are quantized color vectors.
6. The color image processing method according to claim 4, wherein the
25 ratios are percentiles.
7. The color image processing method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of (e) combining the quantized color vectors and the color feature descriptor and representing the combination result as the whole image.
30
8. The color image processing method according to claim 1, before the

step (b), further comprising the step of performing a predetermined filtering process for smoothing of the input image.

9. The color image processing method according to claim 1, before the
5 step (b), further comprising the step of performing a predetermined filtering process for noise removal of the input image.

10. The color image processing method according to claim 1, before the
step (b), further comprising the step of performing a predetermined filtering process
10 for smoothing and noise removal of the input image.

11. The color image processing method according to any of claims 1
through 10, before the step (b), further comprising the steps of:
analyzing the probability of pixels in the filtered image being noisy pixels and
15 applying appropriate weights thereto; and
applying a general Lloyd algorithm to the color vectors corresponding to the
weighted pixels to perform color quantization.

12. A color image processing method for retrieving a color feature
20 descriptor for describing color features of an image, the method comprising the steps
of:

(a) segmenting an input image into a plurality of regions;
(b) obtaining color vectors for the segmented regions;
(c) classifying the color vectors to obtain dominant colors of the input image
25 and the ratios thereof; and
(d) representing the dominant colors and the ratios thereof as a color feature
descriptor of the input image.

13. The color image processing method according to claim 12, wherein
30 the color vectors are quantized color vectors.

14. The color image processing method according to claim 12, wherein the ratios are percentiles.

15. The color image processing method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of (e) combining the quantized color vectors for the segmented regions and the color feature descriptor and representing the combination result as the whole image.

16. The color image processing method according to claim 12, before the step (b), further comprising the step of performing a predetermined filtering process for smoothing of the input image.

17. The color image processing method according to claim 12, before the step (b), further comprising the step of performing a predetermined filtering process for noise removal of the input image.

18. The color image processing method according to claim 12, before the step (b), further comprising the step of performing a predetermined filtering process for smoothing and noise removal of the input image.

19. The color image processing method according to claim 12, before the step (b), further comprising the step of performing a predetermined filtering process for smoothing of the segmented regions.

20. The color image processing method according to claim 12, before the step (b), further comprising the step of performing a predetermined filtering process for noise removal of the segmented regions.

21. The color image processing method according to claim 12, before the step (b), further comprising the step of performing a predetermined filtering process for smoothing and noise removal of the segmented regions.

22. The color image processing method according to any of claims 12 through 21, before the step (b), further comprising the steps of:

analyzing the probability of pixels in the filtered image being noisy pixels and applying appropriate weights thereto; and

5 applying a general Lloyd algorithm to the color vectors corresponding to the weighted pixels to perform color quantization.

23. A computer readable medium having program codes executable by a computer to perform a color image processing method for retrieving a color feature
10 descriptor for describing color features of an image, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) segmenting an input image into a plurality of regions;

(b) obtaining color vectors for the segmented regions;

(c) classifying the color vectors to obtain dominant colors of the input image
15 and the ratios thereof; and

(d) representing the dominant colors and the ratios thereof as a color feature descriptor of the input image.

24. The computer readable medium according to claim 23, further
20 comprising the step of (e) combining the quantized color vectors for the segmented regions and the color feature descriptor and representing the combination result as the whole image.

25. A color image processing apparatus for retrieving a color feature
25 descriptor for describing color features of an image, comprising:

a color vector retrieving unit for receiving pixel value data of an input image and retrieving color vectors for a predetermined color coordinate system; and

a color feature descriptor generating unit for obtaining the percentiles of dominant colors represented by the color vectors when the color vectors are all
30 received and generating and outputting color feature descriptor data containing the information on the dominant colors and the percentiles thereof.

26. The color image processing apparatus according to claim 25, further comprising combining unit for combining pixel value data and color feature descriptor data to output a processed image.

5 27. A color image processing apparatus for retrieving a color feature descriptor for describing color features of an image, comprising:

a segmenting unit for segmenting an input image into k regions, wherein k is an arbitrary positive integer, and sequentially outputting pixel value data corresponding to the k th region;

10 a color vector retrieving unit for receiving pixel value data of an input image and retrieving color vectors for a predetermined color coordinate system; and

a color feature descriptor generating unit for obtaining the percentiles of dominant colors represented by the color vectors when the color vectors are all received and generating and outputting color feature descriptor data containing the
15 information on the dominant colors and the percentiles thereof.

28. The color image processing apparatus according to claim 27, further comprising a quantizing unit for performing color quantization in the segmented
20 region.

29. The color image processing apparatus according to claim 28, wherein the quantizing unit analyzes the probability of pixels in the filtered image being noisy pixels and applying appropriate weights thereto, and applies a general Lloyd algorithm to the color vectors corresponding to the weighted pixels to perform color
25 quantization.

30. The color image processing apparatus according to claim 27, further comprising a combining unit for combining pixel value data corresponding to the k th region and color feature descriptor data of the corresponding region, with respect to
30 all the k segmented regions, to output a processed image.

31. The color image processing apparatus according to claim 30, further comprising a quantizing unit for performing color quantization in the segmented regions.

5 32. The color image processing apparatus according to claim 31, wherein the quantizing unit analyzes the probability of pixels in the filtered image being noisy pixels and applying appropriate weights thereto, and applies a general Lloyd algorithm to the color vectors corresponding to the weighted pixels to perform color quantization.

10

33. The color image processing apparatus according to any of claims 27 through 32, further comprising a filtering unit for performing a predetermined filtering process for smoothing of an input image.

15 34. The color image processing apparatus according to any of claims 27 through 32, further comprising a filtering unit for performing a predetermined filtering process for noise removal of an input image.

20 35. The color image processing apparatus according to any of claims 27 through 32, further comprising a filtering unit for performing a predetermined filtering process for smoothing and noise removal of an input image.

25 36. The color image processing apparatus according to any of claims 33 through 35, further comprising a quantizing unit for performing color quantization in the segmented regions.

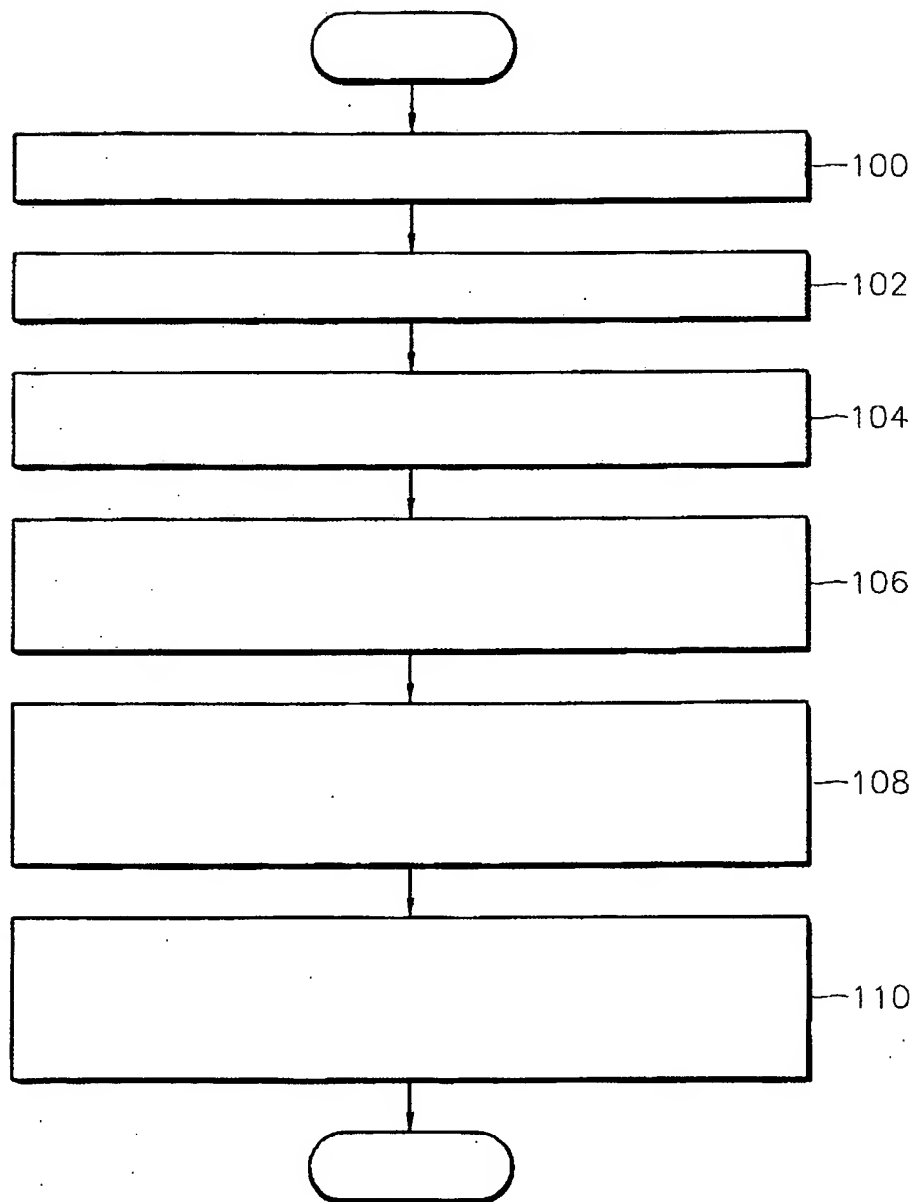
30 37. The color image processing apparatus according to claim 36, wherein the quantizing unit analyzes the probability of pixels in the filtered image being noisy pixels and applying appropriate weights thereto, and applies a general Lloyd algorithm to the color vectors corresponding to the weighted pixels to perform color quantization.

38. The color image processing apparatus according to claim 37, further comprising a combining unit for combining pixel value data corresponding to the k th
35 region and color feature descriptor data of the corresponding region, with respect to all the k segmented regions, to output a processed image.

39. A method for representing a color image, wherein the color image is represented using dominant colors of the color image and the percentiles thereof.

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FIG. 1



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FIG. 2

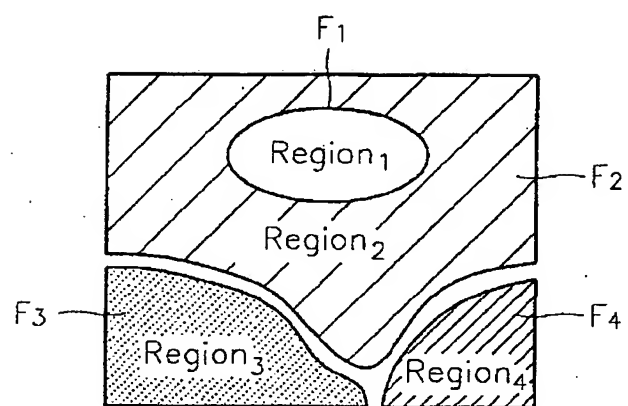
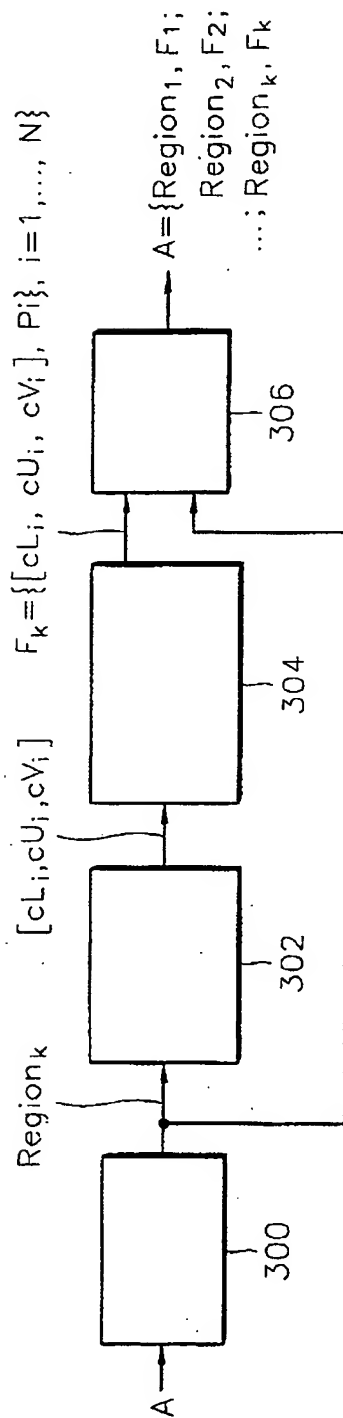


FIG. 3



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FIG. 4A

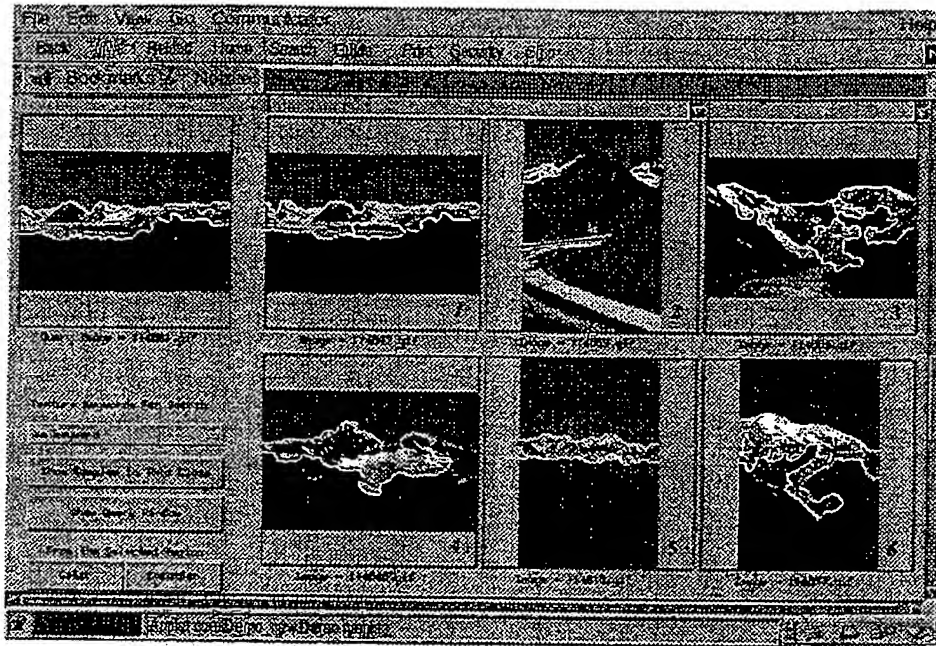
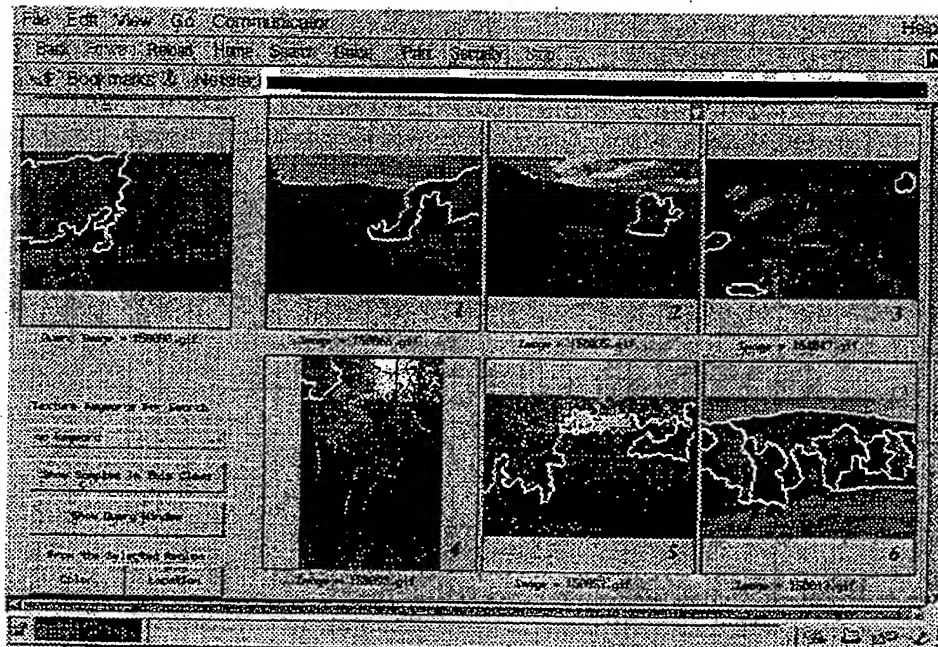


FIG. 4B



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/KR00/00089

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER .**IPC7 G06T 1/00, G06T 7/60**

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC7 G06T1/00, G06T 7/00, G06F 17/30

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Korean patents and applications for inventions since 1975

Korean Utility models and applications for Utility models since 1975

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

WPI, PAJ, IEEE/IEE Electronic Library (Since 1988) "COLOR", "VECTOR", "RETRIEVE", "IMAGE"

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	JP 11-238077 A (MINOLTA CO., LTD) 31 August 1999 (31. 03. 1999) The whole document	1-6, 12-14, 23-28
Y	KR 98-022999 A (DAEWOO ELECTRONICS CO., LTD) 6 July 1998 (06. 07. 1998) The whole document	1-6, 12-14, 23-28
Y	Acoustics, Speech, and Signal Processing, 1996. ICASSP-96. Conference Proceedings., 1996 IEEE International Conference on Published: 1996 Page(s): 167 -173 Ardizzoni, S.; Bartolini, I.; Patella, M. "Windsurf: region-based image retrieval using wavelets" The whole document	1-6, 12-14, 23-28
A	Acoustics, Speech, and Signal Processing, 1999. Proceedings., 1999 IEEE International Conference on Published: 1999 Volume: 6, Page(s): 3017 -3020 vol.6 Yining Deng; Manjunath, B.S. "An efficient low-dimensional color indexing scheme for region-based image retrieval " The whole document	1-10, 12-20, 23-28, 30-31, 33-36, 37-39

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.☐ See patent family annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the international search

15 MAY 2000 (15.05.2000)

Date of mailing of the international search report

18 MAY 2000 (18.05.2000)

Name and mailing address of the ISA/KR

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Authorized officer

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Telephone No. 82-42-481-5789



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/KR00/00089

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	JP 06-318256 A (MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC IND CO., LTD) 15 November 1994 (15. 11. 1994) The whole document	1-6, 12-14, 23-28
A	JP 05-266091 A (MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CO.) 15 October 1993 (15. 10. 1993) The whole document	1-10, 12-20, 23-28, 30-31, 33-36, 37-39